

10 Common Accommodations

For Deaf/Hard of Hearing/Deaf-Blind Students

This is not an exhaustive list. Talk with your team about what supports your child needs.



Hearing Assistive Technology

Can include sound field & desktop systems, FM, Telecoil, infrared and dynamic FM.



Visual Needs

Visual like posters, pictures and written instruction helps students access information.



Vision & Listening Breaks

It may be helpful to provide breaks during the day to avoid prolonged fatigue.



Check for Understanding

Discretely check to make sure the student understands the lesson and next steps.



In-Person Reader

Recorded speech may be difficult for some students to understand, for a variety of reasons.

Strategic Seating



Consult the student for the best place for them to sit in order to see and hear the teacher.

Pre-teach



Front load vocabulary words and lesson concepts to fill in knowledge gaps.

Processing Time



Some students need a bit more time to respond to questions or group discussions.

Auditory Highlighting



Give emphasis to key words by saying it a little louder, changing the speed, pitch or repeating.

Daily Hearing Aid Checks



Staff checks for damage, battery strength, and device effectiveness using Ling 6 sounds.

